## **Penticton Warehouse Forklift Training Programs**

Penticton Warehouse Forklift Training Programs - Warehouses can either be commercial, retail or industrial facilities, functioning from bulk product retailing to product distribution services. Regardless of the kind of warehouse, workers within warehouse settings must be trained well in safety measures related to material storage and handling, conveyor systems, loading docks, and forklifts and pallet jacks. Good housekeeping is vital to a safe and orderly warehouse environment.

The loading dock system is often build into the warehouse at a height from the ground making it easy to move items coming in and moving out of the warehouse. Personnel will likewise unload and load materials and merchandise from the elevated docks and ramps. Particular attention should be paid to safety habits throughout this stage. In order to avoid falls, install yellow striping along the edge of docks and ramps. Pay attention to the area around delivery trucks that are parked at the loading dock, especially the part between dock and the truck. Be sure that truck wheels are chocked while unloading.

To be able to distribute products within the facility, some warehouses utilize a conveyor system. These systems are designed with moving wheels and belts that may pose a pinch point hazard. Keep hair and parts of the body well away from conveyors to avoid injury. Elevated conveyors pose a hazard to workers under if safety nets are absent. Personnel have to know how to stop conveyors in the event of emergency. Be aware of the location of emergency stop buttons and off switches. When servicing conveyors, lock out/tag out procedures are mandatory.

To be able to make it easier to transport supplies, pallet jacks and forklifts are most commonly used. The operator of the lift truck would need training and certification. Operators of pallet jacks do not require certification, but must be trained about the machinery. Training courses instruct operators in the right methods for hoisting objects and moving them to their assigned location. Neither forklifts nor pallet jacks should ever be made use of to lift or transport employees.

To allow for adequate room for equipment and people to pass, rack systems and storage shelving help to create an orderly and efficient work space, specially if they are correctly braced. Slow and careful placement of good is required to prevent accidents caused by products falling off the facing aisle. Aisles should be kept clear by keeping products flat and inside the shelving units. Pallets are used for stacking products. They should be in good condition, and palleted products must be baled or shrink-wrapped, whenever possible.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) must be worn, as appropriate, to protect employees' limbs, heads, feet and hands. Bump caps or hard hats, gloves and steel-toed shoes are common PPE.

Slippery floors pocked with dents and pits present a hazard. Good housekeeping practices involve keeping warehouse docks and floors clear of debris, oil and dirt. The area must be kept clear of garbage, boxes and baling supplies.